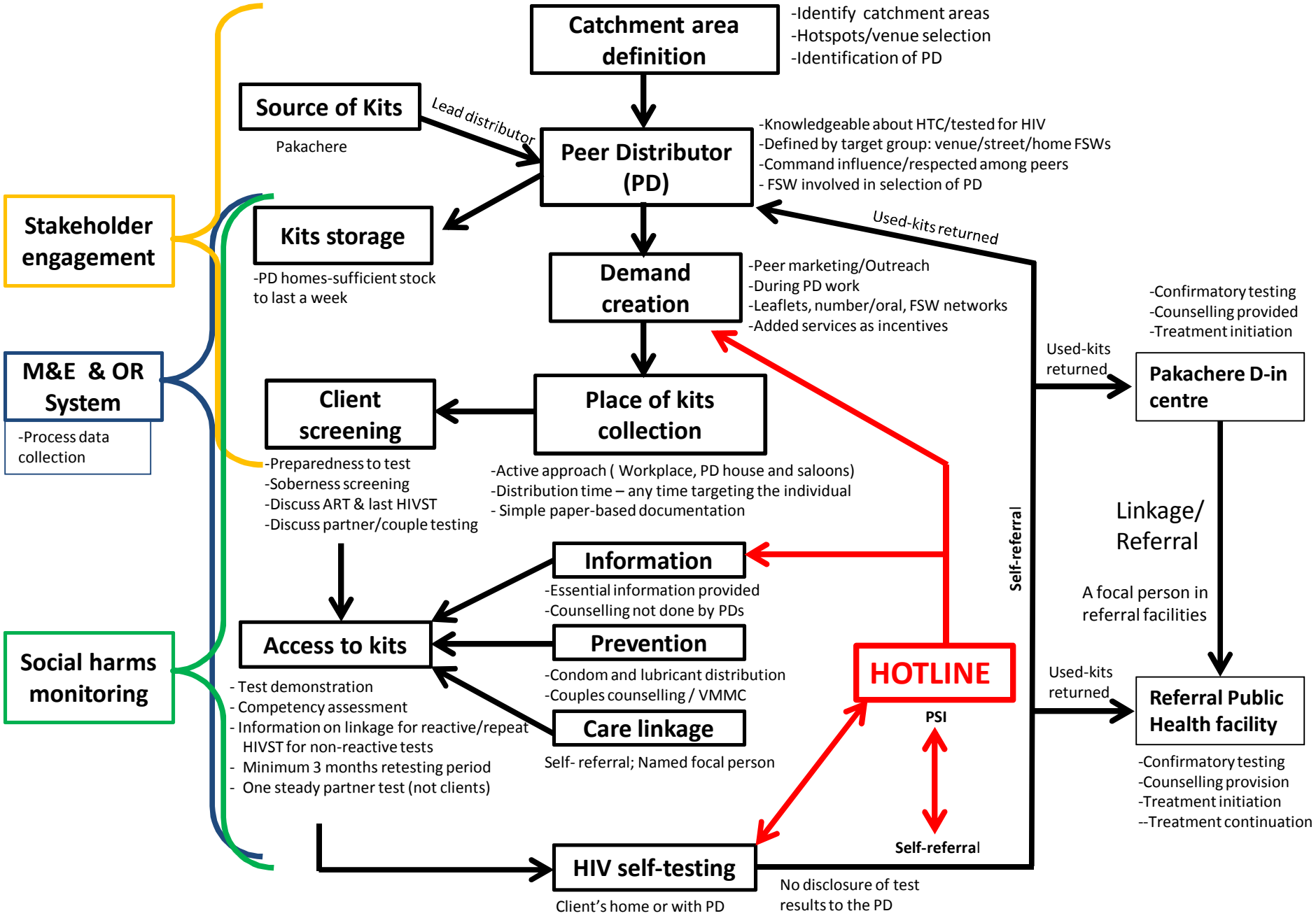
Catchment area definition
-Identify catchment areas
-Hotspots/venue selection
-Identification of PD
Source of Kits
Pakachere
Lead distributor
Peer Distributor (PD)
-Knowledgeable about HTC/tested for HIV
-Defined by target group: venue/street/home FSWs
-Command influence/respected among peers
- FSW involved in selection of PD
Used-kits returned
Stakeholder engagement
Kits storage
-PD homes-sufficient stock to last a week
Demand creation
-Peer marketing/Outreach
-During PD work
-Leaflets, number/oral, FSW networks
-Added services as incentives
-Confirmatory testing
-Counselling provided
-Treatment initiation
Used-kits returned
Pakachere D-in centre
M&E & OR System
-Process data collection
Client screening
Place of kits collection
-Preparedness to test
-Soberness screening
-Discuss ART & last HIVST
-Discuss partner/couple testing
-Active approach (Workplace, PD house and saloons)
-Distribution time – any time targeting the individual
- Simple paper-based documentation
Self-referral
Linkage/ Referral
A focal person in referral facilities
Information
-Essential information provided
-Counselling not done by PDs
Access to kits
Prevention
-Condom and lubricant distribution
-Couples counselling / VMMC
HOTLINE
PSI
Used-kits returned
Referral Public Health facility
Social harms monitoring
- Test demonstration
- Competency assessment
- Information on linkage for reactive/repeat HIVST for non-reactive tests
- Minimum 3 months retesting period
- One steady partner test (not clients)
Care linkage
Self- referral; Named focal person
-Confirmatory testing
-Counselling provision
-Treatment initiation
--Treatment continuation
Self-referral
HIV self-testing
Client's home or with PD
No disclosure of test results to the PD